# MACON-BIBB COUNTY URBAN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY MACON, GEORGIA (A COMPONENT UNIT OF MACON-BIBB COUNTY, GEORGIA)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Macon, Georgia

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority (the "Authority"), a component unit of Macon-Bibb County, Georgia as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

1503 Bass Road P.O. Box 6315 Macon, Georgia 31208-6315 Member of
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468 South Houston Lake Road Warner Robins, Georgia 31088 To the Board of the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Page Two

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund and major special revenue funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and statement of changes in assets and liabilities are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and statement of changes in assets and liabilities are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and statement of changes in assets and liabilities are fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

To the Board of the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Page Three

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 5, 2018, on our consideration of the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sperl H-Ruc

Macon, Georgia December 5, 2018



### $\begin{array}{c} \text{MACON-BIBB COUNTY URBAN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY} \\ \text{MACON, GEORGIA} \end{array}$

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

		vernmental Activities	iness-Type Activities	····	Total	
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,448,087	\$	230	\$	3,448,317
Certificates of deposit		147,083		-		147,083
Accounts receivable		6,100		-		6,100
Prepaids		112,523		-		112,523
Due from other funds		10,574		(10,574)		-
Due from primary government		1,288,954				1,288,954
Lease receivable		1,235,382		-		1,235,382
Loan receivable		1,639,156		~-		1,639,156
Capital assets						
Nondepreciable		6,407,846		-		6,407,846
Depreciable		28,955		671,569		700,524
Total Assets		14,324,660		661,225		14,985,885
	<del></del>					
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Accounts payable		201,489		296,063		497,552
Due to other governments		15,731		_		15,731
Unearned revenue		5,674		_		5,674
Noncurrent liabilities						
Due within one year		335,875		106,489		442,364
Due in more than one year	-	2,486,501		360,677		2,847,178
Total Liabilities		3,045,270	ber de la companya d	763,229		3,808,499
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		6,210,761		204,403		6,415,164
Restricted						
Program loans		1,692,196		_		1,692,196
Debt covenants		74,759		-		74,759
Economic development		507,640		_		507,640
Unrestricted (deficit)		2,794,034		(306,407)		2,487,627
Total Net Position	\$	11,279,390	\$	(102,004)	\$	11,177,386

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

								Net (Expense) Revenue and						
			P	rogr	am Revenu	es			Cha	inges	s in Net Positio	n		
			Operating Capital											
			Charges	G	Frants and	Grants and		Governmental		Business-Type				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	fo	or Services	ervices Contributions Contributions		A	ctivities	Activities		Total				
Governmental Activities														
General government	\$ 283,21	\$	282,423	\$	447,281	\$	-	\$	446,493	\$	- \$	446,493		
Economic development	1,578,67	l	-		-		1,628,090		49,419		-	49,419		
Interest	142,62	)	_		_				(142,620)		-	(142,620)		
Total Governmental Activities	2,004,50	2	282,423		447,281		1,628,090		353,292		-	353,292		
Business-Type Activities														
Parking Fund	102,00		-		_						(102,004)	(102,004)		
Total business-type activities	102,00	<u> </u>					-				(102,004)	(102,004)		
Total Government	\$ 2,106,50	5 \$	282,423	\$	447,281	\$	1,628,090		353,292		(102,004)	251,288		
General Revenues									21 750			21.750		
Miscellaneous									31,750		-	31,750		
Gain on sale of property									433,799		-	433,799		
Investment earnings									4,533		-	4,533		
Total General Revenues									470,082			470,082		
Change in Net Position									823,374		(102,004)	721,370		
Net Position - beginning of year									0,456,016			10,456,016		
Net Position (deficit) - end of ye	ear							\$	1,279,390	\$	(102,004) \$	11,177,386		

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

			Special Revenue Funds							
		General	Revolving 401 Cherry					ocal Loan		
<u>ASSETS</u>		Fund	I	Loan Fund		Street	Fund			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	669,531	\$	1,549,074	\$	-	\$	124,874		
Certificates of deposit		147,083		-		-		-		
Accounts receivable		6,100		-		-		-		
Prepaids		110,658		-		-		-		
Due from other funds		80,599		-		-		2,412		
Capital lease receivable		-		-		851,085		-		
Loan receivable		900,000				-		739,156		
Total Assets		1,913,971		1,549,074	\$	851,085	\$	866,442		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>										
Accounts payable	\$	46,635	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		
Due to other governments		15,731		-		-		-		
Unearned revenue				-		-		-		
Total Liabilities		62,366		_				-		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE	ES									
Unavailable revenue - rents				-		851,085				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<b>Description</b>	***		_		851,085		_		
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		1,010,658		-		-		739,156		
Restricted		-		1,549,074		-		127,286		
Assigned		_		-		-	•			
Unassigned (deficit)		840,947		_		-		_		
Total Fund Balances		1,851,605	***************************************	1,549,074			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	866,442		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources and Fund Balances	_\$_	1,913,971	_\$_	1,549,074	\$	851,085	\$	866,442		

### $\begin{array}{c} {\sf MACON\text{-}BIBB\ COUNTY\ URBAN\ DEVELOPMENT\ AUTHORITY} \\ {\sf MACON,\ GEORGIA} \end{array}$

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

Spec	ial Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds					Total		
	213 Clinton				Property	No	onmajor	Governmental		
	Street LLC	-	ond Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds	
\$	108,193	\$	553,169	\$	402,166	\$	41,080	\$	3,448,087	
	-		-		-		-		147,083	
	-		-		-		-		6,100	
	1,865		-		-				112,523	
	-		-		-		35,247		118,258	
	-		-		384,297		-		1,235,382	
	-		-		_		_		1,639,156	
\$	110,058	\$	553,169	\$	786,463	\$	76,327	\$	6,706,589	
***************************************										
\$	68,019	\$	84,335	\$	2,500	\$	-	\$	201,489	
	68,733		-		38,951				107,684	
	-		-		-		-		15,731	
			-		5,674		-		5,674	
	136,752		84,335		47,125		_		330,578	
					.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		330,370	
	-				522,197		21,685		1,394,967	
•	ui-		-		522,197		21,685		1,394,967	
	1,865								1 751 (70	
	1,005		468,834		74,759		54,642		1,751,679	
	<del>.</del>		400,034				34,042		2,274,595	
	(28,559)		-		142,382		-		142,382	
	(20,339)				-				812,388	
	(26,694)		468,834		217,141		54,642		4,981,044	
\$	110,058	\$	553,169	\$	786,463	\$	76,327	\$	6,706,589	

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because of the following:

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 4,981,044
Capital Assets Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	6,436,801
The due from primary government is not an available resource and therefore, not reported in the funds.	1,288,954
Revenues  Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds	1,394,967
Long-term Liabilities  Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the governmental funds, but rather recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities both current and long-term are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of the following:  Notes payable  Line of credit	(2,747,617) (74,759)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 11,279,390

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

				Spec	ial Re	venue Fund	ds	
	(	General	Re	evolving	401 Cherry Street		Loc	al Loan
		Fund	Lo	an Fund			Fund	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	854,888	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Grants		_		-		-		-
Rent		34,600		-		233,186		-
Program loans - interest		-		-		-		13,352
Investment earnings		4,533		-		••		-
Other revenues		25,825		-		-		-
Total Revenues		919,846		_		233,186		13,352
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government:								
Salary and benefits		67,407		-		-		-
Office expenses		12,235		-		-		-
Professional fees		127,433		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		32,310		-		-		-
Utilities		<b>LOS</b>		-		-		-
Economic development		126,310		-		-		-
Debt								
Principal		. 60		-		154,206		-
Interest charges		2,407		-		78,980		
Total Expenditures		368,162		_		233,186		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		551,684		_		-		13,352
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers from other funds		-		-		-		-
Transfers to other funds		(746,887)		-		-		-
Issuance of debt		-		-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of property	,	1,000,000		-				-
Total other financing sources (uses)		253,113				-		-
Net change in fund balances		804,797	ă.	-		-		13,352
Fund Balance - beginning of year		1,046,808		1,549,074		_		853,090
Fund Balance (deficit) - end of year	\$	1,851,605	\$	1,549,074	\$		\$	866,442

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

Specia	al Revenue Funds	Capital Proj	ects Funds		Total		
	213 Clinton		Property	Nonmajor	Governmental		
	Street LLC	Bond Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds		
\$	100 240	φ	Ф	<b>.</b> 100 100			
Ф	109,340	\$ -	\$ -	• •	\$ 1,156,633		
	315,001	-	37,500	36	352,537		
	-	-	43,982	-	311,768		
	<del></del>	-	-	-	13,352		
	-	-	5.025	-	4,533		
	_	-	5,925	-	31,750		
	424,341	-	87,407	192,441	1,870,573		
	-	-	-	-	67,407		
	~	-	-	-	12,235		
	20,000	-	-	36	147,469		
	423	166	17,600	-	50,499		
	4,636	-	-	-	4,636		
	1,397,246	1,213,593	37,737	57,734	2,832,620		
	2,861	-	26,739	143,297	327,163		
	1,657	-	19,630	39,946	142,620		
	1,426,823	1,213,759	101,706	241,013	3,584,649		
<del></del>	(1,002,482)	(1,213,759)	(14,299)	(48,572)	(1,714,076)		
	746,887				746,007		
	740,007	-	-	-	746,887		
	228,901	_	-	-	(746,887)		
	220,501	_	-	-	228,901		
***************************************					1,000,000		
	975,788	-	-	•	1,228,901		
	(26,694)	(1,213,759)	(14,299)	(48,572)	(485,175)		
		1,682,593	231,440	103,214	5,466,219		
\$	(26,694)	\$ 468,834	\$ 217,141	\$ 54,642	\$ 4,981,044		

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(485,175)
Capital Assets Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Total capital outlays		1,963,447
Total depreciation		(965)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, donations) is to increase/(decrease) net position.		(566,201)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(185,994)
Long-term Debt		
Issuance of debt		(228,901)
Principal payments		327,163
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	_\$_	823,374

#### GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Budgeted amounts					
		Original		Final	-	Actual	riance with nal Budget
REVENUES			***************************************				 in Dudget
Intergovernmental							
Macon-Bibb County	\$	108,360	\$	108,360	\$	854,888	\$ 746,528
Rental/property income		31,200		31,200		34,600	3,400
Investment earnings		700		700		4,533	3,833
Miscellaneous		45,000		45,000		25,825	 (19,175)
Total Revenues		185,260		185,260		919,846	 734,586
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Salary and benefits		113,000		113,000		67,407	45,593
Office expenses		10,800		10,800		12,235	(1,435)
Professional fees		59,460		59,460		127,433	(67,973)
Miscellaneous		2,000		2,000		32,310	(30,310)
Economic development		-		-		126,310	(126,310)
Debt							
Principal		-		-		60	(60)
Interest charges	***************************************	_		_		2,407	 (2,407)
Total Expenditures		185,260		185,260	•	368,162	(182,902)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	-	***		-		551,684	 551,684
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers to other funds		_		_		(746,887)	(746,887)
Proceeds from sale of property		-		_		1,000,000	1,000,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		253,113	 253,113
Net change in Fund Balance		-		-		804,797	804,797
Fund Balance - beginning of year		1,046,808		1,046,808		1,046,808	-
Fund Balance - end of year		1,046,808	\$	1,046,808	\$	1,851,605	\$ 804,797

#### REVOLVING LOAN FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted amounts						
		Original		Final		Actual	iance with al Budget
REVENUES						***************************************	
Program loans - interest	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ **
Total Revenues		_		_			 -
EXPENDITURES Economic development				_		-	 -
Total Expenditures		_	****			_	 _
Net change in Fund Balance		-		-		-	-
Fund Balance - beginning of year		1,549,074		1,549,074		1,549,074	 -
Fund Balance - end of year		1,549,074	\$	1,549,074	\$	1,549,074	\$ **

# 401 CHERRY STREET STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted amounts						
	Origina	al	Final			Actual	riance with nal Budget
REVENUES	•	_			_		
Rents	\$	- \$		-	\$	233,186	\$ 233,186
Total Revenues				_		233,186	 233,186
EXPENDITURES Dala							
Debt Principal						154 206	(154006)
Interest charges		-		-		154,206	(154,206)
microst charges						78,980	 (78,980)
Total Expenditures		-		-		233,186	 (233,186)
Net change in Fund Balance		-		-		-	-
Fund Balance - beginning of year		_		-			 _
Fund Balance - end of year	\$	- \$		-	\$	-	\$ -

# LOCAL LOAN FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	F	Budgeted am	ounts		
	Orig	ginal	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Program loans - fees and interest		_	-	13,352	13,352
Total Revenues	-	~		13,352	13,352
EXPENDITURES					
General Government					
Miscellaneous		**			-
Total Expenditures		-	-	÷	-
Net change in Fund Balance		-	-	13,352	13,352
Fund Balance - beginning of year		_	_	853,090	853,090
Fund Balance - end of year	_\$	- \$	-	\$ 866,442	\$ 866,442

#### 213 CLINTON STREET LLC STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budge	ted ar	nounts					
	Omi mim al		Time!			A atria 1		iance with
REVENUES	Original		Final			Actual	Fin	al Budget
Intergovernmental	\$	- \$		_	\$	109,340	\$	109,340
Grants	Ψ	- Ψ		_	Ψ	315,001	Ψ	315,001
						313,001		313,001
Total Revenues				-		424,341		424,341
EXPENDITURES								
General government								
Professional fees		-		-		20,000		(20,000)
Miscellaneous		-		-		423		(423)
Utilities		-		-		4,636		(4,636)
Economic development		-		-		1,397,246	1	(1,397,246)
Debt								
Principal		-		-		2,861		(2,861)
Interest charges		-				1,657		(1,657)
Total Expenditures	***************************************	<u>-</u>	· · · ·	_		1,426,823		(1,426,823)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures		-		_		(1,002,482)		(1,002,482)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers from other funds		_		_		746,887		746,887
Issuance of debt		_		_		228,901		228,901
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-				975,788		975,788
Net change in Fund Balance		-		-		(26,694)		(26,694)
Fund Balance - beginning of year		-		-		-		-
Fund Balance (deficit) - end of year	\$	- \$	)	_	\$	(26,694)	\$	(26,694)

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Business-type Activities- Enterprise Funds
	Parking Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 230
Total current assets	230
Long-term assets:	
Capital assets:	
Depreciable, net	671,569
Total capital assets, net	671,569
Total long-term assets	671,569
Total Assets	671,799
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$ 296,063 10,574
Notes payable - current	106,489
Total current liabilities	413,126
Long-term liabilities:	
Notes payable	360,677
Total long-term liabilities	360,677
Total Liabilities	773,803
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	204,403
Unrestricted (deficit)	(306,407)
Total Net Position	\$ (102,004)

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Business-type Activities- Enterprise Funds
	Parking Fund
Operating revenues:	
Charges and fees	\$ -
Total operating revenues	
Operating expenses:	
Advertising	3,695
Bank charges	3,001
Professional fees	23,065
Contract services	70,488
Depreciation	1,596
Total operating expenses	101,845
Operating income (loss)	(101,845)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Interest expense	(159)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(159)
Change in net position	(102,004)
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year	_
Total Net Position (Deficit) - End of Year	\$ (102,004)

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Business-type Activities- Enterprise Funds				
	Parking Fund				
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Cash received from customers	\$ -				
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	206,388				
Net Cash Flows Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	206,388				
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:					
Principal payments on debt	(10,415)				
Proceeds from issuance of debt	477,581				
Interest and fiscal charges on debt	(159)				
Purchases of capital assets	(673,165)				
Net Cash Flows Provided by (Used for)					
Capital and Related Financing Activities	(206,158)				
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	230				
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year					
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 230				

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

		s-type Activities- erprise Funds
	Pa	rking Fund
Reconciliation of Net Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		
Net Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(101,845)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:		
Depreciation		1,596
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		296,063
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		10,574
Total Adjustments		308,233
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	206,388

### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES JUNE 30, 2018

	Agen Fun		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1	
Total Assets	\$	1	
LIABILITIES Due to others	\$	11	
Total Liabilities	· _\$	1	



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority, a public corporation and instrumentality of Macon-Bibb County, was created under an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Georgia (Georgia Laws 1962) for the following purposes:

• To promote and expand the public good and welfare within Bibb County, by revitalizing, redeveloping and modernizing the urban, central city and downtown areas of the County.

The accounting policies of the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the policies applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements:

#### A. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the primary government and any component units. A component unit is a legally separate organization for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, a component unit can be another organization for which the nature and significance of its relationship with a primary government is such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, as set forth in Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 61 "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and 34," the Authority's relationships with other governments and agencies have been examined. As a result, no component units were identified which should be included in the reporting entity. However, the Authority is a component unit of Macon-Bibb County, Georgia. Certain financial information from the Authority is included in the financial statements of Macon-Bibb County, Georgia.

#### **Blended Component Unit**

213 Clinton Street, LLC (the "Organization") was created December 8, 2017 to preserve the Authority's ability to pursue historic tax credit financing to pay for a portion of the rehabilitation expenditures of the Mill Hill Auditorium located at 213 Clinton Street, Macon, Georgia. The Organization has a sole member, the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority, who has full and complete authority, power and discretion to manage and control the business, affairs and properties of the Organization. The Organization is presented as a special revenue fund. The Organization does not issue separate financial statements.

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, fiduciary funds and proprietary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Authority considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Intergovernmental grant revenues and interest revenue are considered susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the Authority's enterprise fund is charges to customers for parking. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the government's most significant funds, not the government as a whole. The activities of the government are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Revolving Loan Fund – The Revolving Loan Fund is used to account for grant funds used for a revolving loan program.

401 Cherry Street Fund – The 401 Cherry Street Fund is used to account for a lease with 401 Cherry Street, LLC.

Local Loan Fund – The Local Loan Fund is used to account for grant funds used for loans to local businesses to help finance the equipping and furnishing leased building space.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

213 Clinton Street LLC - The 213 Clinton Street LLC fund is used to account for bond proceeds from Macon-Bibb County, grant funds and tax credits received for the rehabilitation of the Mill Hill Auditorium.

Bond Fund – The Bond Fund is used to account for bond proceeds from Macon-Bibb County and the related expenditures.

Property Fund – The Property Fund is used to account for activities related to properties owned by the Authority.

The government reports the following major proprietary fund:

Enterprise Fund – The Parking Fund accounts for the activities of the parking meters in Downtown Macon.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund type:

Agency Funds – Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the Authority in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and other funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

#### D. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

The Authority's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments are reported at fair value, which is determined using selected bases. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates, and investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount, which reasonably estimates fair value.

The Authority may invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, other U.S. Government Agencies, State of Georgia, Other States, Prime Bankers' Acceptances, Repurchase Agreements, other political subdivisions of Georgia, and the Local Government Investment Pool.

#### E. Receivables

Receivables and Due from Other Governments represent funds to be received from other local governments. No allowance is deemed necessary for these receivables.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" or "advances to/from other funds." All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade receivables have been reduced to their estimated net realizable value, and are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Estimated uncollectible amounts are based upon historical experience rates.

#### F. <u>Prepaid Items</u>

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### G. Restricted Assets

Certain loan proceeds are classified as restricted because their use is restricted by debt covenants. To the extent any loan funds remain after completion of construction and all payments thereto have been disbursed, the surplus, if any, will be returned to the lender as a reduction of principal.

#### H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of over one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Improvements30 yearsEquipment7 yearsVehicles5 years

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

#### I. Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid sick leave costs are not vested and are not accrued in any fund, but are recognized as expenditures, when paid. The Authority does not budget for compensated absences and has been unable to determine the amount to be liquidated with available financial resources as of June 30, 2018.

#### J. <u>Long-term Obligations</u>

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize long-term debt obligations when due.

#### K. Fund Equity

In the financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

- Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted amounts are restricted when constraints have been placed on the use of resources by (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors approves committed resources through a motion and vote during the voting session of Board meetings.
- Assigned amounts that are constrained by the Authority's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent is expressed by the Board.
- Unassigned amounts that have not been assigned to other funds and that are not restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

Flow Assumptions – when both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the Authority's policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

The Authority does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of the fund balance classifications as of June 30, 2018:

		General Revolving		L	Local Loan		213 Clinton	
		Fund	I	Loan Fund		Fund	Street LLC	
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable								
Prepaids	\$	110,658	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,865
Loan receivable		900,000		-		739,156		-
Restricted								
Debt covenants		-		-		-		-
Program loans		-		1,549,074		127,286		-
Economic development		-		-		• -		-
Assigned								
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		840,947		_		_		(28,559)
Total Fund Balances	_\$_	1,851,605	\$	1,549,074	\$	866,442	\$	(26,694)

			1	Vonmajor	
	Bond	Property	Go	vernmental	
	Fund	 Fund		Fund	Total
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable					
Prepaids	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 112,523
Loan receivable	•	-		-	1,639,156
Restricted					
Debt covenants	-	74,759		-	74,759
Program loans	-	_		15,836	1,692,196
Economic development	468,834			38,806	507,640
Assigned					
Capital outlay	-	142,382		-	142,382
Unassigned	 -	 -		-	 812,388
Total Fund Balances	\$ 468,834	\$ 217,141	\$	54,642	\$ 4,981,044

#### L. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from leases receivable. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### M. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

#### N. Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; and errors or omissions. The Authority purchases commercial insurance for these types of risk. Insurance coverage by major categories of risk has not changed significantly from the prior year.

#### NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Annual Budgets

An annual operating budget is prepared for the General Fund. The budget is approved by the Board of Directors of the Authority and is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The legal level of control is at the individual fund level. Unexpended appropriations in the annual operating budget lapse at year-end. Additional appropriations require the approval of the Board of Directors of the Authority. A budget was not prepared for the Revolving Loan Fund, 401 Cherry Street Fund, Local Loan Fund, 213 Clinton Street LLC, Micro Loan Fund, Master Plan Fund, Downtown Challenge Grant Fund or Secretary of State Fund.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

#### B. Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

	E	Excess
General Fund	Exp	enditures
Office expenses	\$	1,435
Professional fees		67,973
Miscellaneous		30,310
Economic development		126,310
Debt		2,467
Transfers to other funds		746,887
401 Cherry Street		
Debt		233,186
213 Clinton Street LLC		
Professional fees		20,000
Miscellaneous		423
Utilities		4,636
Economic development	1	,397,246
Debt		4,518

#### **NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

#### **Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits**

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a bank, the government will not be able to recover deposits. State statues require banks holding public funds to secure these funds by FDIC insurance, securities pledged at par value and surety bonds at face value in combined aggregate totaling not less than 110 percent of the public funds held. The Authority had deposit accounts which were under collateralized by \$214,832 as of June 30, 2018.

As of June 30, 2018, the Authority had \$147,083 in certificates of deposit:

	Maturity	 Amount
Certificates of deposit	24 months	\$ 147,083

#### **Investments**

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, the custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counter-party to a transaction, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Authority had no such investments with such risk as of June 30, 2018.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Authority does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk. Georgia law allows investments in obligations of the U.S Treasury, other U.S Governmental Agencies, State of Georgia, other states, prime banker's acceptance, repurchase agreements, repurchase agreements, other political subdivisions of Georgia.

#### Fair Value Measurement

Generally accepted accounting principles define fair value, establish a framework for measuring fair value, establish a three-level valuation hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurement and enhance disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. The valuation hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date. The three levels are defined as follows:

- Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2 inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument; and
- Level 3 inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's and liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of observable inputs.

As of June 30, 2018, the Authority had no investments subject to level input disclosure.

#### NOTE 4 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Generally, outstanding balances between funds reported as due to/from other funds include outstanding charges by one fund to another for services or goods, subsidy commitments outstanding, and other miscellaneous receivables and payables between funds. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

Due from/to other funds consist of the following at June 30, 2018:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	
General Fund	Property Fund	\$	1,292
	Parking Fund		10,574
	213 Clinton Street LLC		68,733
Local Loan Fund	Property Fund		2,412
Nonmajor governmental	Property Fund		35,247
		\$	118,258

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

Transfers and payments within the reporting entity are substantially for the purposes of subsidizing operating functions, funding capital projects and asset acquisitions, or maintaining debt service. Resources are accumulated in a fund to support and simplify the administration of various projects or programs.

Interfund transfers:

Transfers In:
213 Clinton
Street LLC
746,887
746,887

#### **NOTE 5 – PROMISSORY NOTE**

On April 30, 2018, the Authority issued a promissory note to IDP Cherry Holdings, LP for \$900,000 for property sold at 682 Cherry Street. The term of the note is 20 years, with interest only payments for the initial term (first three years). Beginning the fourth year the outstanding principal and accrued interest will be due in 204 monthly payments with a final balloon payment due on or before April 30, 2038. The interest rate is 3% for the first three years then will increase to 4.5% for the remainder of the term. No payments were made as of June 30, 2018.

#### NOTE 6 – CAPITAL LEASE RECEIVABLE

On December 1, 2012, the Authority entered into a lease agreement with 401 Cherry Street, LLC for the operation of property located at 401 Cherry Street. The total lease is for \$1,498,000 and is reported in the 401 Cherry Street Fund as a capital lease receivable. The lease expires December 1, 2022.

Future lease payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year							
Ending	Principal			Interest	Total		
2019	\$	141,998	\$	66,643	\$	208,641	
2020		153,358		55,283		208,641	
2021		165,626		43,015		208,641	
2022		178,876		29,765		208,641	
2023		211,227		15,455		226,682	
Total	\$	851,085	\$	210,161	\$	1,061,246	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

On September 14, 2012, the Authority executed a lease for the operation of the Tubman African American Museum, Inc. (the "Museum"). The term of the lease is not to exceed 25 years, with an option granted to the Museum to purchase the property at a purchase price of \$1,000 at the end of the term of the lease. Annual lease payments are \$100.

Future lease payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year		
Ending	Amount	
2019	\$ 10	00
2020	10	0
2021	10	00
2022	10	00
2023	10	0
2024-2028	50	0
2029-2033	50	00
2034-2036	1,60	00
Total	\$ 3,10	00

On June 30, 2014, the Authority (lessor) entered into a lease agreement with Moonhanger Group, LLC (lessee) for property located at 382 Second Street, known as Cox Capitol Theatre. The term of the lease is for 15 years, with an option granted to the lessee to purchase the property at a purchase price of \$480,000 minus the sum that is equal to the aggregate of the principal-reduction payments, paid by the lessor between the effective date of the lease and the date of closing of the lessee's purchase of the premises. Monthly lease payments are \$4,500.

Future lease payments are as follows:

	Fiscal Year				
_	Ending	F	Principal	Interest	Total
	2019	\$	27,541	\$ 26,459	\$ 54,000
	2020		28,780	25,220	54,000
	2021		30,075	23,925	54,000
	2022		31,429	22,571	54,000
	2023		32,843	21,157	54,000
	2024-2028		187,759	82,241	270,000
	2029		42,770	11,230	54,000
	Total	\$	381,197	\$ 212,803	\$ 594,000

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

		Balance ne 30, 2017	Additions			etirements		Balance ne 30, 2018
<b>Governmental Activities</b>								
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$	5,010,600	\$	566,201 1,397,246	\$	(566,201)	\$	5,010,600 1,397,246
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		5,010,600		1,963,447		(566,201)		6,407,846
Capital assets, being depreciated Improvements		37,030		-		-		37,030
Less accumulated depreciation for: Improvements		(7,110)		(965)				(8,075)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		29,920		(965)		-		28,955
Governmental activities capital assets, net	_\$_	5,040,520	\$	1,962,482	\$	(566,201)	\$	6,436,801
	_Ju	Balance ne 30, 2017		Additions	R	etirements	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2018
Business-Type Activities Capital assets, being depreciated								
Parking equipment Vehicles	\$	-	\$	632,786 40,379	\$	-	\$	632,786 40,379
Less accumulated depreciation for: Parking equipment Vehicles		-		- (1,596)		-		- (1,596)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		-		671,569				671,569
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	-	\$	671,569	\$	_	\$	671,569

Construction in progress consisted of renovations to the Mill Hill Community Arts Center located in the historic East Macon neighborhood, Fort Hawkins. The revitalization effort is in partnership with Macon Arts Alliance and many community stakeholders and seeks to address the challenges of blight and lack of economic opportunity in the neighborhood.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions / programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 965
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 965
Business-type activities: Parking Fund	\$ 1,596
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 1,596

In July 2017, the Authority obtained property at 682 Cherry Street from Macon-Bibb County with a net book value of \$566,201. The property was sold in April 2018 for \$1,000,000, resulting in a gain on sale of \$433,799.

#### **NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

Long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Notes payable - 401 Cherry Street	\$ 1,005,291	\$ -	\$ (154,206) \$	851,085	\$ 141,998
Notes payable - Capital City Bank	408,276	-	(26,738)	381,538	28,110
Notes payable - American Pride	1,432,251	-	(143,297)	1,288,954	147,187
Notes payble - Renasant Bank	-	228,901	(2,861)	226,040	18,580
Line of credit	74,820	-	(61)	74,759	· <u>-</u>
Total Governmental activities	\$ 2,920,638	\$ 228,901	\$ (327,163) \$	2,822,376	\$ 335,875
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
<b>Business-type activities:</b>	<u> </u>				
Notes payble - Renasant Bank	\$ -	\$ 477,581	\$ (10,415) \$	467,166	\$ 106,489
Total Business-type activities	\$ -	\$ 477,581	\$ (10,415) \$	467,166	\$ 106,489

The government incurs contractual obligations to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital acquisitions. Obligations have been issued for governmental-type activities and business-type activities.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

#### Notes Payable – governmental activities:

\$480,000 note payable to Capital City Bank, due in 180 monthly payments of \$3,567 commencing on July 5, 2014 through July 5, 2029. Interest accrues at 4.0%. The note is secured by real estate.

\$ 381,538

\$1,400,000 note payable to 401 Cherry Street, LLC, due in 10 annual payments of \$208,641 commencing on December 1, 2013 through December 1, 2022. Interest accrues at 8.0%. The note is secured by rents received on the capital lease.

833,044

\$98,000 note payable to 401 Cherry Street, LLC, due in 5 annual payments of \$24,545 commencing on December 1, 2013 through December 1, 2017. Interest accrues at 8.0%. The note is secured by rents received on the capital lease.

18,041

\$228,901 note payable to Renasant Bank, due in 34 regular payments of \$2,409 and one irregular last payment estimated at \$175,581 commencing on May 15, 2018 through March 15, 2021. Interest accrues at 4.75%. The note is secured by real property located in Bibb County, Georgia.

226,040

\$2,000,000 note payable to American Pride Bank, due in annual payments commencing on June 15, 2017 through May 15, 2026. Interest accrues at 2.95%. Interest only payments are due from May 13, 2016 to May 15, 2017. The note is secured by certain contractual rights. Macon-Bibb County is contractually obligated for the principal, interest and expenses of the note. The amount shown as due from primary government reflects the Macon-Bibb County's obligation for the outstanding balance on the note.

1,288,954

Total Notes Payable - governmental activities

\$ 2,747,617

Governmental activities interest expense on the notes for the fiscal year was \$142,620.

#### Notes Payable – business-type activities:

\$750,000 note payable to Renasant Bank, due in 83 monthly payments of \$10,574 commencing on June 5, 2018 through May 5, 2025. Interest accrues at 4.85%. The note is secured by equipment. \$477,581 has been drawn down on the loan as June 30, 2018.

\$ 467,166

Business-type activities interest expense on the notes for the fiscal year was \$159.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

Debt Service requirements of the Authority's notes payable are as follows:

С	apita	al City Bar	nk			401	Chei	ry Street,	LLO	3
Interest Total				P	rincipal	I	nterest	Total		
0	\$	14,693	\$	42,803	\$	141,998	\$	66,644	\$	208,642
55		13,548		42,803		153,358		55,284		208,642
-										•

2021	30,447	12,356	42,803	165,626	43,015	208,641
2022	31,687	11,116	42,803	178,876	29,765	208,641
2023	32,978	9,825	42,803	193,186	15,455	208,641
2024-2028	186,173	27,842	214,015	18,041	6,504	24,545
2029	42,888	895	43,783	_	-	·
	\$ 381.538	\$ 90.275	\$ 471.813	\$ 851.085	\$ 216.667	\$ 1.067.752

Governmental Activities

		Gove	ernm	ental Acti	vitie	es		es				
Fiscal Year			Ren	asant Bank	(				Rer	asant Bank		
Ending	F	Principal	]	Interest	st Total			Principal		Interest		Total
2019	\$	18,580	\$	10,329	\$	28,909	\$	106,489	\$	20,397	\$	126,886
2020		19,482		9,427		28,909		111,770		15,116		126,886
2021		187,978		6,452		194,430		117,313		9,573		126,886
2022		-		-				123,130		3,755		126,885
2023		-		-				8,464		_		8,464
	\$	226,040	\$	26,208	\$	252,248	\$	467,166	\$	48,841	\$	516,007

The Authority has elected to exclude revenue bonds and contractual obligations from long - term debt, for which Macon-Bibb County, Georgia has contractually agreed to provide funding.

#### Revenue Bonds:

Fiscal Year

**Ending** 

2019

2020

Principal

28,110 \$

29,255

\$11,175,000, Series 2010 Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Issue (Revenue Refunding) due in annual principal installments of \$310,000 to \$1,130,000 commencing on October 1, 2011. Interest at 2.0% to 3.0% to be paid each April 1 and October 1.	4,330,000
\$3,225,000, Series 2013B Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Issue (Revenue Refunding) due in annual principal installments of \$605,000 to \$690,000 commencing on June 1, 2018. Interest at 3.0% to 4.0% to be paid each June 1 and December 1.	1,995,000
\$12,190,000, Series 2015A Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Issue (Revenue Refunding) due in annual principal installments of \$255,000 to \$710,000 commencing on December 1, 2019. Interest at 3.0% to 4.875% to be paid each June 1 and December 1.	12,190,000

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

\$6,240,000, Series 2015B Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Issue (Revenue Refunding) due in annual principal installments of \$85,000 to \$600,000 commencing on December 1, 2019. Interest at 3.0% to 3.375% to be paid each June 1 and December 1.

6,240,000

\$4,430,431, Series 2016A Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Issue (Urban Development Concepts, LLC Project) due in annual principal installments of \$217,668 to \$388,248 commencing on December 1, 2016. Interest at 4.22% to be paid each June 1 and December 1.

3,985,910

\$2,000,000, Series 2016B Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Issue (Urban Development Concepts, LLC Project). Bond funds are available to be drawn as needed not to exceed the issue amount. All outstanding principal is due December 1, 2018. Interest at 3.45% on outstanding draws is due each June 1 and December 1.

2,000,000

\$14,965,000, Series 2017A Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Issue (Macon-Bibb County Projects) due in annual principal installments commencing on June 30, 2022. Interest at 3.0% to 5.0% to be paid each June 1 and December 1.

14,965,000

\$3,285,000, Series 2017B Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Issue (Macon-Bibb County Projects) due in annual principal installments commencing on December 1, 2018. Interest at 2.0% to 3.0% to be paid each June 1 and December 1.

3,285,000

#### **Total Revenue Bonds**

\$ 48,990,910

The government incurs contractual obligations to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital acquisitions. Obligations have been issued for governmental-type activities.

#### Line of Credit:

The Authority has a \$75,000 line of credit with State Bank & Trust Company to be drawn upon as needed with an interest rate of 2.499% per annum. The line of credit is secured with a \$75,000 certificate of deposit maintained with State Bank & Trust Company. As of June 30, 2018, there was a balance of \$74,759. Interest on the line of credit for the fiscal year was \$2,254.

#### NOTE 9 - CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The Authority receives a substantial amount of its support from Macon-Bibb County, Georgia. A significant reduction in the level of support, if this were to occur, may have an effect on the Authority's programs and activities.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 10 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

#### Litigation

During the course of normal operations of the Authority, various claims and lawsuits arise. The Authority's attorney has advised that there are no potential liabilities that will impair the Authority's financial position as of the date of this audit report.

#### NOTE 11 - 401 CHERRY STREET PROJECT

During December 2012, the Authority entered into an agreement with 401 Cherry Street, LLC for the redevelopment of property located in Downtown Macon. Under terms of the agreement, the Authority issued notes payable of \$1,400,000 and \$98,000 for the purchase of property located at 401 Cherry Street. Additionally, the Authority executed a lease for operation of the facility. The lease has been accounted for as a capital lease and is reflected as a receivable on the financial statements.

#### **NOTE 12 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The Authority has evaluated subsequent events through December 5, 2018 the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

On August 8, 2018, the Authority sold property at 382 Second Street for \$380,770. Proceeds from the sale paid off the loan with Capital City Bank.

In October 2018, the Authority issued Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds (Dempsey Apartments Project), Series 2018A and Series 2018B in the amounts of \$9,565,000 and \$340,000, respectively. Proceeds from the bonds were used to acquire and renovate the Project.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

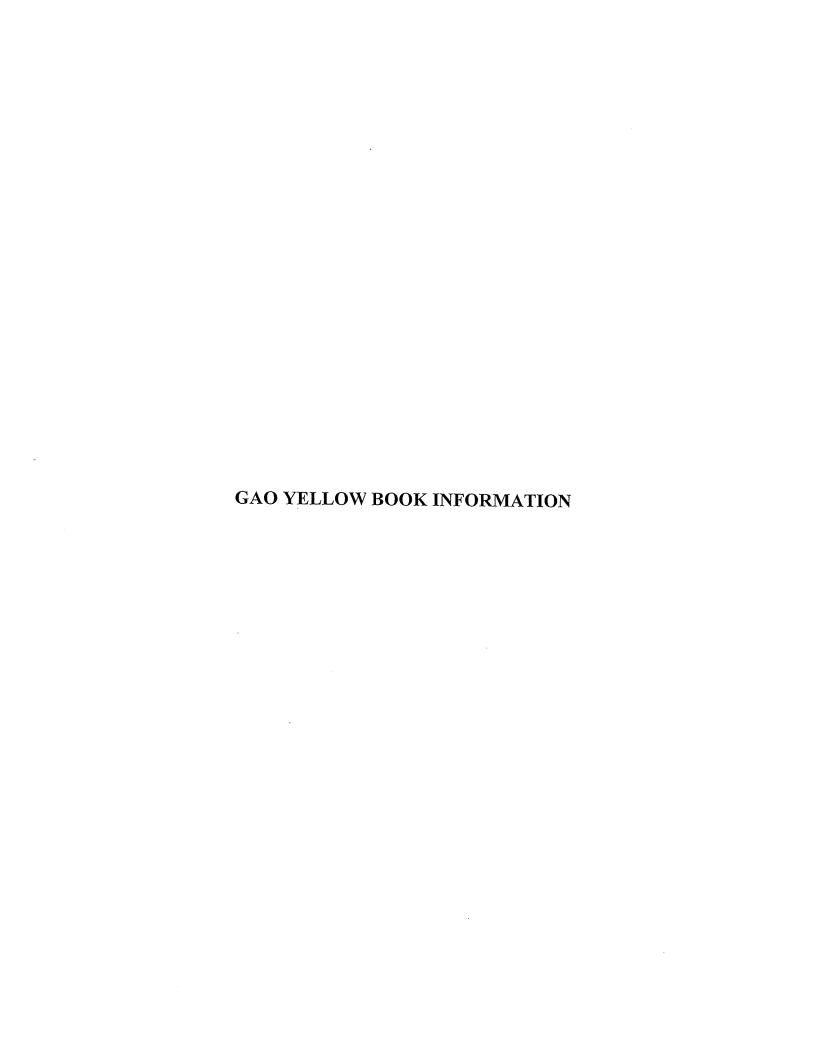
				Special Rev	enu	ie Funds			Total		
			Downtown						No	nmajor	
	Mi	cro Loan	Master Plan Challenge			Se	cretary of	Governmental			
		Fund		Fund	(	Grant Fund	State Fund		Funds		
<u>ASSETS</u>											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	21,685	\$	12,295	\$	7,100	\$	41,080	
Due from other funds		15,836		-		19,411		-		35,247	
Total Assets	\$	15,836	\$	21,685	\$	31,706	\$	7,100	\$	76,327	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>											
Accounts payable		-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-		-	
Total Liabilities		-		-		-		-		-	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE	<u>ES</u>										
Unavailable revenue - rents		-		21,685		***		-		21,685	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		_		21,685		-		_		21,685	
Fund Balance											
Restricted		15,836		_		31,706		7,100		54,642	
Total Fund Balance		15,836	***************************************	_		31,706		7,100		54,642	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	15,836	\$	21,685	\$	31,706	\$	7,100	\$	76,327	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Fund								Total	
		ero Loan Fund		ster Plan Fund	Chal	ntown llenge t Fund	Secretary of State Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
REVENUES	Φ.				_					
Intergovernmental Grants	\$	-	\$	26	\$	-	\$	192,405	\$	192,405
Grants		~		36		**	<del></del>	-		36
Total Revenues	*******	-		36		_		192,405		192,441
EXPENDITURES										
General Government										
Professional fees		-		36		-		-		36
Economic Development		-		-		54,614		3,120		57,734
Debt:										
Principal		-		-		-		143,297		143,297
Interest charges				-	****	-		39,946		39,946
Total Expenditures		-		36	····	54,614		186,363		241,013
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		(54,614)		6,042		(48,572)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		15,836		-	***************************************	86,320		1,058		103,214
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	15,836	\$	_	\$	31,706	\$	7,100	\$	54,642

#### POWER OF CHANGE AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Balance June 30, 2017		Additions		Deletions	 Balance June 30, 2018	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	217	\$		\$ 216	\$ 	1_
Total Assets	\$	217	\$	-	\$ 216	\$	1
LIABILITIES Due to Others	\$	217	\$	_	\$ 216	\$	1
Total Liabilities	\$	217	\$	<del>-</del>	\$ 216	\$	1



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Macon, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority, a component unit of Macon-Bibb County, Georgia as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 5, 2018.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants To the Board of the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Page Two

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be material weaknesses. 2018-001, 2018-002, 2018-003, 2018-004 and 2018-005

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority's Response to Findings

Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Chulth-Rellic

Macon, Georgia December 5, 2018

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Findings noted on the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards:

#### 2018-001 401 Cherry Street Fund

#### **CRITERIA**

Accounting procedures should be designed to insure that revenues are accrued and recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period.

#### **CONDITION**

Current period activity was not recorded for the fund.

#### **CONTEXT**

A material audit adjustment was required to record the following:

- Beginning-of-year lease receivable and deferred revenue \$1,005,291.
- Lease revenue of \$233,186.
- Debt service payments totaling \$233,186.

#### **CAUSE**

The Authority does not have adequate accounting procedures in place to insure the recording of lease transactions for the year.

#### EFFECT

Financial reports contained material misstatements in the 401 Cherry Street Fund.

#### **RECOMMENDATION**

The Authority should establish controls to insure that the lease transactions and debt service payments are recorded during the fiscal year.

#### VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

We agree with the findings. We are working with our new accounting firm to apply appropriate controls and standards for this non-monetary transaction.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

#### 2018-002 Bond Fund

#### **CRITERIA**

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, expenditures/expenses are recognized as soon as a liability is incurred. Year-end procedures are necessary to ensure that expenditures/expenses and accounts payable are recorded in the appropriate period.

#### **CONDITION**

The Authority does not have adequate accounting procedures to insure that expenditures/expenses are recorded and properly classified when a liability is incurred.

#### **CONTEXT**

Material audit adjustments were required to correct the following:

• Adjustments of \$48,650 and \$35,775 were required to accrue accounts payable and retainage, respectively.

#### **CAUSE**

Management failed to accrue expenditures which were incurred in the fiscal year.

#### **EFFECT**

Material audit adjustments were needed to fairly report financial information for the year ended June 30, 2018.

#### RECOMMENDATION

The Authority should implement controls to insure the proper accrual of accounts payable at year-end.

#### VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

We agree with this finding for the new fund. We will apply controls and standards going forward.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

#### 2018-003 213 Clinton Street Project

#### **CRITERIA**

Generally accepted accounting principles require the use of a special revenue fund to account for the general fund of a legally separate entity (component unit) that is blended with the government.

#### **CONDITION**

Certain expenditures related to the 213 Clinton Street project were recorded in the Authority's general fund.

In addition, transactions within the special revenue fund were recorded on a *changes in economic* resources basis rather than a *changes in current financial resources* basis.

#### **CONTEXT**

Fiscal year 2018 was the initial year for the 213 Clinton Street Project Fund.

The following audit adjustments were required to correct transactions recorded within the General Fund:

- An adjustment of \$900,701 was required to correct the reporting of expenditures.
- An adjustment of \$153,814 was required to correct the reporting of a grant from the Macon Arts Alliance.

The following audit adjustments were required to correct transactions recorded within the Special Revenue Fund:

- An adjustment of \$900,701 was required to correct the recording of transfers from the General Fund.
- An adjustment of \$153,814 was required to correct the recording of grant revenue from Macon Arts Alliance.
- An adjustment of \$228,900 was required to correct the recording of loan proceeds.
- An adjustment of \$1,413,717 was required to correct the recording of construction costs.
- An adjustment of \$16,471 was required to record additional costs paid from the General Fund.
- An adjustment of \$20,000 outstanding accounts payable as of 6/30/2018.

#### **CAUSE**

Management lacked sufficient training in governmental accounting to implement procedures to correctly report a blended component unit.

#### **EFFECT**

Interim financial reports contained material misstatements of revenues and expenditures in the General Fund and the 213 Clinton Street Special Revenue Fund.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

#### **RECOMMENDATION**

We recommend management implement procedures to insure that project revenues and costs are recorded in accordance governmental accounting reporting requirements.

#### VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

We agree with the findings for this new fund. We will work with the accountants and partners to ensure standards are met going forward.

#### 2018-004 Parking Fund

#### **CRITERIA**

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the operating statement of a proprietary fund focuses on changes in economic resources.

#### **CONDITION**

The Authority does not have adequate accounting procedures to insure that transactions were recorded in accordance governmental accounting standards for proprietary funds.

#### **CONTEXT**

Fiscal year 2018 was the initial year for the parking fund.

Material audit adjustments were required to correct the following transactions:

- An adjustment of \$673,165 was required to correct the recording of capital asset additions.
- An adjustment of \$477,581 was required to correct the recording of loan proceeds.
- An adjustment of \$10,400 was required to correct the recording of a debt service payment.
- An adjustment of \$70,487 was required to record accounts payable as of 6/30/2018.

#### **CAUSE**

Management lacked adequate training in accounting for proprietary funds.

#### **EFFECT**

Financial reports contained material misstatements of revenues and expenses.

#### RECOMMENDATION

The Authority should implement controls to insure the proper proprietary fund accounting.

#### VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

We agree with the findings for this new fund. We will employ standards going forward.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

#### 2018-005 Downtown Challenge Grant Fund

#### **CRITERIA**

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, special revenue funds may be created to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources.

#### **CONDITION**

The Authority does not have adequate accounting procedures to insure that transactions associated with the Downtown Challenge grants were recorded in the proper fund.

#### **CONTEXT**

A material audit adjustment of \$30,009 was required to correct an expenditure for the Downtown Challenge Grant Fund which had been recorded in the Property Fund.

#### **CAUSE**

Management lacked adequate controls to insure the posting of expenditures in the correct fund.

#### **EFFECT**

Financial reports contained material misstatements of expenses.

#### *RECOMMENDATION*

The Authority should implement controls to insure the recording of expenditures in the appropriate fund.

#### VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

We agree with this finding and will have new controls in place going forward.